

**Provident Cedar Private Limited**  
**Financial Statements**  
**For the year ended 31 March 2022**

**Independent Auditors' Report**

**To the Members of Provident Cedar Private Limited**

**Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements**

**Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of Provident Cedar Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements as per the ICAI's Code of Ethics and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



### **Information Other than the Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process



## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure – A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d) in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".



g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
- ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivate contracts for which there were any material foreseeable loss.
- iii. there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv.
  - a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate



Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c) Based on the above explanations and audit procedures which we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (I) and (II) of clause (iv) contain any material mis-statement.

v. The Company has not declared and paid dividend during the year and hence there was no compliance required as per section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013

For V D S R & Co LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN No.: 001626S/S200085



Venkatesh Kamath S V  
Partner  
Membership No 202626



Place: Bengaluru

Date: 25-05-2022

(This document is certified using the UDIN facility of ICAI and can be verified at [www.udin.icai.org](http://www.udin.icai.org) with reference no. 22202626ANASBZ4625)

#### **Annexure – A to the Independent Auditors' Report**

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report that:

1. The company does not hold any Property Plant and Equipment during the year and as on the reporting date. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i) of the order is not applicable.

2. Company does not have any inventory as on the reporting date. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ii) of the Order not applicable.
3. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, firms, limited liability partnership or other parties covered in the register required under section 189 of the Act 2013. Accordingly, clauses 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable.
4. According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, made any investments, extended any guarantees and provided any security to or on behalf of the parties referred in section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
5. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
6. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148 (1) of the Act for any of the services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
7. In respect of Statutory Dues:
  - a. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Income-tax, Goods and Services Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. There are no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at March 31 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
  - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, and records of the Company examined by us, there are no amounts outstanding in respect of the aforesaid dues on account of any dispute.
8. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.



9. The Company has not taken any loan either from banks, financial institutions or from the government and has not issued any debentures. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
10. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer or term loans. Accordingly, clause 3(x) of the Order is not applicable.
11. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable.
12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
13. According to the information and explanations given to us and on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where ever applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
14. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, Internal audit is not applicable as the company
15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected to him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
16. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable.
17. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has incurred cash losses of Rs. 19,759/- in the current financial year and Rs. 18,013 in the immediately preceding financial year.



18. There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
19. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and as confirmed by the Management to infuse required funds as and when necessitates, we are of the opinion there are no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet.
20. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.
21. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has no subsidiaries or joint ventures which requires the Company to prepare the consolidated financial statements and get audited and hence, the Company there are no consolidated financial statements either prepared or audited during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable.

For V D S R & Co LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN No.: 001626S/S200085



Venkatesh Kamath S V  
Partner  
Membership No 202626



Place: Bengaluru

Date: 25-05-2022

(This document is certified using the UDIN facility of ICAI and can be verified at [www.udin.icai.org](http://www.udin.icai.org) with reference no. 22202626ANASBZ4625)

## **Annexure – B – to the Auditors’ Report**

### **Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Provident Cedar Private Limited (“the Company”) as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

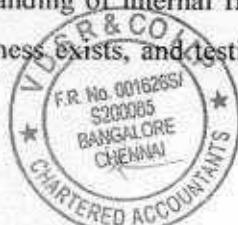
#### **Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditor’s Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and



evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

#### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the



Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For V D S R & Co LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
FRN No.: 001626S/S200085

*S. V. Kamath*  
Venkatesh Kamath S V  
Partner  
Membership No 202626



Place: Bengaluru  
Date: 25-05-2022

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Provident Cedar Private Limited

CIN: U45309KA2016PTC097552

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Note March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

ASSETS

Current assets

(a) Financial assets

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

3 70.94 60.85

Total current assets

70.94 60.85

Total assets

70.94 60.85

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

EQUITY

(a) Equity share capital

4 100.00 100.00

(b) Other equity

5 (99.06) (79.30)

Total equity

0.94 20.70

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities

(a) Financial liabilities

(i) Borrowings

6 50.00 -

(ii) Trade payables

7 20.00 40.15

Total current liabilities

70.00 40.15

Total equity and liabilities

70.94 60.85

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date

for VDSR & CO LLP.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V  
Partner  
Membership No: 202626

Palce: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Provident Cedar Pvt Ltd

Jasbir Ashish Puravankara  
Director  
DIN 01918184

Palce: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022



  
Abhishek Kapoor  
Director  
DIN 03456820

Provident Cedar Private Limited

CIN: U45309KA2016PTC097552

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

Note

March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

Income

Total

Expenses

Finance costs

8

0.83

0.38

Other expenses

9

18.93

17.64

Total expenses

19.76

18.01

Profit/(loss) before tax

(19.76)

(18.01)

Tax expense

Total tax expense

-

-

Profit/(loss) for the year

(19.76)

(18.01)

Other comprehensive income ('OCI')

Total other comprehensive income

-

-

Total comprehensive income for the year (comprising profit and OCI)

(19.76)

(18.01)

Earnings per equity share ('EPS')

(Nominal value per equity share Rs. 100 (March 31, 2020 - Rs.100)

Basic (Rs.)

(19.76)

(18.01)

Diluted (Rs.)

(19.76)

(18.01)

Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of EPS

Basic - in numbers

1.00

1.00

Diluted - in numbers

1.00

1.00

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

As per report of even date

for VDSR & CO LLP.,

Chartered Accountants

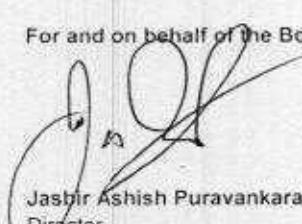
Firm's Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

  
Venkatesh Kamath S V  
Partner  
Membership No: 202626

Palce: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Provident Cedar Pvt Ltd:

  
Jasbir Ashish Puravankara  
Director  
DIN 01918184

Palce: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022



  
Abhishek Kapoor  
Director  
DIN 03456820

**Provident Cedar Private Limited**

CIN: U45309KA2016PTC097552

**Statement of cash flow for the year ended March 31, 2022**

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021

**A. Cash flow from operating activities**

Profit/(loss) before tax	(19.76)	(18.01)
Adjustments to reconcile profit after tax to net cash flows		
Finance costs		
Operating profit before working capital changes	(19.76)	(18.01)
Working capital adjustments		
Increase/ (decrease) in Trade payables	(20.15)	8.16
Cash (used in)/ received from operations	(39.91)	(9.86)
Income tax paid (net)		
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities	(39.91)	(9.86)
<b>B. Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Net cash flows from / (used in) investing activities	-	-
<b>C. Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Loans taken from Holding Company	50.00	-
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	50.00	-
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	10.09	(9.86)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	60.85	70.71
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (as per note 3 to the financial statements)	70.94	60.85

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per report of even date

for V D S R &amp; Co LLP.,

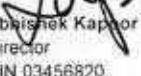
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V  
Partner  
Membership No: 202626Place: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Provident Cedar Pvt Ltd

Jasbir Ashish Puravankara  
Director  
DIN 01915184Place: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022Abhishek Kapoor  
Director  
DIN 03456820



Provident Cedar Private Limited

CIN: U45309KA2016PTC097552

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 01 April 2020	Movement during 2020-21	As at March 31, 2021	Movement during 2021-22	As at March 31, 2022
Equity share capital of face value of Rs. 100 each fully paid	100.00	-	100.00	-	100.00
	<u>100.00</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>100.00</u>

B. Other equity

Particulars	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2020	-	-	(61.29)	(61.29)
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	(18.01)	(18.01)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(79.30)	(79.30)
Dividends (including tax on dividend)	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	-	-	(79.30)	(79.30)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	(19.76)	(19.76)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(99.06)	(99.06)
Dividends (including tax on dividend)	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2022	-	-	(99.06)	(99.06)

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per report of even date

for VDSR & CO LLP,  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration Number: 0016265/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V  
Partner  
Membership No: 202626

Place: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Provident Cedar Pvt Ltd

Jasti Ashish Puravankara  
Director  
DIN 01918184

Place: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022

Abhishek Kapoor  
Director  
DIN 03456820



## 1. Corporate information

Provident Cedar Private Limited (the 'Company') was incorporated on November 03, 2016 under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The registered office is located at 130/2, Ulsoor Road Bangalore 560042, India. The Company is engaged in the business of real estate development and other related activities.

The Ind AS financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 25, 2022.

## 2. Significant accounting policies

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

In accordance with the notification issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 (Ind AS compliant Schedule III). The standalone financial statements of the Company are prepared and presented in accordance with Ind AS.

On March 24, 2021, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) through a notification, amended Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 and the amendments are applicable for financial periods commencing from April 01, 2021. The preparation of financial statements is after taking into consideration the effect of the amended Schedule III. The Company has also reclassified the previous year figures in accordance with the requirements applicable in the current year.

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

### 2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities. The effect of change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively.

#### (b) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has evaluated and considered its operating cycle as one year for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### (c) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.



Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized/inventorised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to statement of profit and loss.

(d) Inventories

Direct expenditure relating to real estate activity is inventorised. Other expenditure (including borrowing costs) during construction period is inventorised to the extent the expenditure is directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Other expenditure (including borrowing costs) incurred during the construction period which is not directly attributable for bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use is charged to the statement of profit and loss. Direct and other expenditure is determined based on specific identification to the real estate activity.

i. Work-in-progress: Represents cost incurred in respect of unsold area (including land) of the real estate development projects or cost incurred on projects where the revenue is yet to be recognized. Work-in-progress is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.

ii. Raw materials, components and stores: Valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined based on FIFO basis.

iii. Land stock: Valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(e) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts and other credits, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. The Company presents revenue from contracts with customers net of indirect taxes in its statement of profit and loss.

The Company considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, noncash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer, if any.

*Interest income*

Interest income, including income arising from other financial instruments measured at amortized cost, is recognized using the effective interest rate method.

*Dividend income*

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

(f) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year.

Current and deferred tax are recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

i. Current income tax

Current income tax for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the taxable income for that period. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.



## ii. Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach, deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The Company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

(g) Provisions and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses it in the financial statements, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

(h) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value at initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability.

i. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in statement of profit and loss.

iii. Debt instruments at amortized cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.



iv. Equity investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

Investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associate are carried at cost. Impairment recognized, if any, is reduced from the carrying value.

v. De-recognition of financial asset

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109.

vi. Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as payables, as appropriate. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts. The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, which is described below.

vii. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

viii. Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest ('EIR') method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using EIR method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

ix. De-recognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

x. Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses following hierarchy and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date

Fair value hierarchy:

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

(i) Earnings Per Share

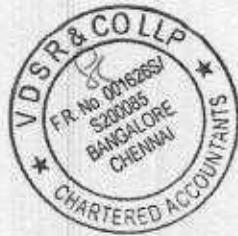
Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.



(i) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.



Provident Cedar Private Limited  
 Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022  
 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

**3 Cash and cash equivalents**

Balances with banks		70.94	60.85
In current accounts		70.94	60.85

**4 Equity share capital**

<b>Authorized shares</b>		500.00	500.00
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<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares</b>		100.00	100.00
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**a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year**

Equity shares	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Number	Rs.	Number	Rs.
Balance at the beginning of the year	1.00	100.00	1.00	100.00
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
<b>Outstanding at the end of the year</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 100 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company**

	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	No. of Shares	% holding in the class	No. of Shares	% holding in the class

**Equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid-up**

Provident Housing Limited	1.00	100.00%	1.00	100.00%
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As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

**d Shares held by promoters**

As at March 31, 2022

Promoter Name	Class of equity shares	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Transferred during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of total shares	% change during the year
Provident Housing Limited	Equity shares of Rs. 100 each	1.00	-	1.00	100%	0%

As at March 31, 2021

Promoter Name	Class of equity shares	No. of shares at the beginning of the year	Transferred during the year	No. of shares at the end of the year	% of total shares	% change during the year
Provident Housing Limited	Equity shares of Rs. 100 each	1.00	-	1.00	100%	0%



Provident Cedar Private Limited  
 Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022  
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March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

<b>5 Other equity</b>					
Retained earnings					
Balance at the beginning of the year	(79.30)	(61.29)			
Total comprehensive income for the year	(19.75)	(18.01)			
Balance at the end of the year	(99.05)	(79.30)			
<b>Total other equity</b>	<b>(99.05)</b>	<b>(79.30)</b>			
<b>6 Borrowings</b>					
Current borrowings					
Unsecured					
Loans from related parties	50.00	-			
	<b>50.00</b>	<b>-</b>			
<b>7 Trade payables</b>					
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises					
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	20.00	40.15			
	<b>20.00</b>	<b>40.15</b>			
<b>Disclosures of dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises</b>					
The information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.					
i. The principal amount remaining unpaid	Nil	Nil			
ii. Interest due thereon remaining unpaid	Nil	Nil			
iii. The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	Nil	Nil			
iv. The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year)	Nil	Nil			
v. The amount of interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid	Nil	Nil			
vi. The amount of further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years	Nil	Nil			
<b>Trade payables Ageing Schedule#</b>					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
As at 31 March 2022	Less than 1 year INR Cr.	1-2 years INR Cr.	2-3 years INR Cr.	More than 3 years INR Cr.	Total INR Cr.
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises					
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	10.00	10.00	-	-	20.00
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>10.00</b>	<b>10.00</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20.00</b>
<b>Trade payables Ageing Schedule#</b>					
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
As at 31 March 2021	Less than 1 year INR Cr.	1-2 years INR Cr.	2-3 years INR Cr.	More than 3 years INR Cr.	Total INR Cr.
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises					
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	40.15	-	-	-	40.15
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>40.15</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>40.15</b>
<b>8 Finance costs</b>					
Bank charges					
	0.83	0.38			
	<b>0.83</b>	<b>0.38</b>			
<b>9 Other expenses</b>					
Legal and professional *					
As auditor:	18.93	12.08			
Audit fee	-	3.56			
	-	2.00			
	<b>18.93</b>	<b>17.64</b>			
* Payment to auditor (included in legal and professional charges)					
As auditor:	10.00	10.00			
Audit fee	10.00	10.00			



**Provident Cedar Private Limited****Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022**

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

**10 Fair value measurements**

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is determined as the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Company does not have financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

The management assessed that the carrying values of cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets and liabilities (as listed below) approximate their fair values largely either due to their short-term maturities or because they are assets/ liabilities carried at amortised cost and their amortised cost approximates their fair values.

		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Break up of financial assets carried at amortized cost	Notes		
Cash and cash equivalents	3	70.94	60.85
Break up of financial liabilities carried at amortized cost	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Borrowings	6	50.00	—
Trade payable	7	20.00	40.15
		<u>70.94</u>	<u>40.15</u>

**11 Financial risk management**

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include cash and bank balances and other receivables that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

The Company's management oversees the management of these risks and ensures that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

**a. Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments if a counterparty default on its obligations. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and deposits with banks and financial institutions.

**Credit risk management**

Other financial assets like bank deposits and other receivables are mostly with banks and hence, the Company does not expect any credit risk with respect to these financial assets.

**b. Liquidity risk**

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and also generating cash flow from operations.

Management monitors the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows and maintaining debt financing plans.

The break-up of cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is as below:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Cash and cash equivalents	70.94	60.85
	<u>70.94</u>	<u>60.85</u>



**Provident Cedar Private Limited**

**Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022**

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

**Maturities of financial liabilities**

The tables below analyze the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

March 31, 2022	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 years to 5 years	5 years and above	Total
<b>Financial liabilities - current</b>					
Borrowings		50.00			50.00
Trade payables	-	30.00	-	-	20.00

March 31, 2021	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 years to 5 years	5 years and above	Total
<b>Financial liabilities - current</b>					
Trade payables	-	40.15	-	-	40.15

**c. Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity/ real-estate risk.

The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021. The analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on the carrying values of grants and other post retirement obligations/provisions.

The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis.

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in interest rate. The entity's exposure to the risk of changes in interest rates relates primarily to the entity's operating activities (when receivables or payables are subject to different interest rates) and the entity's net receivables or payables.

The Company is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities/ real estate. Its operating activities require the ongoing development of real estate. The Company's management has developed and enacted a risk management strategy regarding commodity/ real estate price risk and its mitigation. The Company is subject to the price risk variables, which are expected to vary in line with the prevailing market conditions.

The Company does not have any interest bearing borrowings in the current year.



Provident Cedar Private Limited  
 Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022  
 (All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

12 Financial Ratios:

a	Ratio	Current ratio	
	Numerator	Current Assets	
	Denominator	Current Liabilities	
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021
	Current Assets (A)	70.94	60.85
	Current Liabilities (B)	70.00	40.15
	Current Ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	1.0	1.5
	% of change from previous year	-33.13%	

The ratio has changed mainly due to increase in short term debt during the current year compared the previous year.

b	Ratio	Debt Equity ratio	
	Numerator	Total Debt	
	Denominator	Shareholder's Equity	
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021
	Total Debt (A)	50.00	-
	Shareholder's Equity (B)	0.94	20.70
	Debt Equity ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	53.22	NA
	% of change from previous year		

The ratio has changed mainly due to increase in total debt during the current year compared the previous year.

c	Ratio	Debt Service Coverage ratio	
	Numerator	Earnings available for debt service	
	Denominator	Debt service	
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021
	Profit (Loss) after tax (A)	(19.76)	(18.01)
	Add: Non cash operating expenses and finance cost		
	Depreciation expense (B)	-	-
	Finance costs (C)	-	-
	Earnings available for debt services (D) = (A)+(B)+(C)	(19.76)	(18.01)
	Finance costs (E)	-	-
	Repayment of borrowings (F)	50.00	-
	Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities (G)	-	-
	Debt service (H) = (E) + (F) + (G)	50.00	-
	Debt service coverage ratio (I) = (D) / (H)	(0.40)	NA
	% of change from previous year		

The ratio has changed mainly due to increase in short term debt during the current year compared the previous year.

d	Ratio	Return on equity ratio	
	Numerator	Profit after tax	
	Denominator	Average shareholders' equity	
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021
	Profit (Loss) after tax (A)	(19.76)	(18.01)
	Closing Shareholders Equity (B)	0.94	20.70
	Average shareholder's equity [(Opening + Closing)/2] (C)	10.82	29.70
	Return on equity ratio (D) = (A) / (C)	-1.83	-0.61
	% of change from previous year	201.18%	

The ratio has changed mainly due to loss in the current year.

e	Ratio	Inventory Turnover ratio	
	Numerator	Cost of goods sold	
	Denominator	Average Inventory	
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021
	Cost of goods sold (A)	-	-
	Closing Inventory (B)	-	-
	Average Inventory [(opening + closing)/2] (B)	-	-
	Inventory Turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	NA	NA
	% of change from previous year		

The Company does not have turnover during the year, reported as not applicable.



Provident Cedar Private Limited  
 Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022  
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1	Ratio Numerator Denominator	Trade receivables turnover ratio Revenue from operations Average trade receivables	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Ratios/Measures			
	Revenue from operations (A)			-
	Closing trade receivables (B)			-
	Average Trade Receivables [(opening + closing) / 2] (B)			-
	Trade receivables turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	NA	NA	
	% of change from previous year			

The Company does not have turnover during the year, reported as not applicable.

9	Ratio Numerator  Denominator	Trade payable turnover ratio Total purchases (Sub-contractor cost, Cost of materials consumed and Other expenses)	Average trade payables	
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Total purchases (A)			
	Closing trade payables (B)		20.00	40.15
	Average Trade Payables [(opening + closing) / 2] (B)		30.08	36.08
	Trade payables turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	NA	NA	
	% of change from previous year			

The Company does not have turnover during the year, reported as not applicable.

h	Ratio Numerator Denominator	Net capital turnover ratio Revenue from operations Working capital (Current Assets - Current Liabilities)		
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Revenue from operations (A)			
	Working Capital (B)		0.94	20.70
	Net capital turnover ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	NA	NA	
	% of change from previous year			

The Company does not have turnover during the year, reported as not applicable.

i	Ratio Numerator Denominator	Net profit ratio Profit after tax Revenue from operations		
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Profit (Loss) after tax (A)		(19.76)	(18.01)
	Revenue from operations (B)		-	-
	Net profit ratio (C) = (A) / (B)	NA	NA	
	% of change from previous year			

The Company does not have turnover during the year, reported as not applicable.

j	Ratio Numerator  Denominator	Return on capital employed Earnings before interest and taxes Capital Employed (Total equity, Total borrowings and Total lease liabilities)		
	Ratios/Measures		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Profit (Loss) after tax (A)		(19.76)	(18.01)
	Adjustments:- Add: Total tax expenses (B) Add: Finance cost (C) (net of inventoryisation)		-	-
	Earnings before interest and tax (D) = (A) + (B) + (C)		(19.76)	(18.01)
	Total Equity (E)'		0.94	20.70
	Total borrowings (F)		50.00	-
	Capital Employed (G) = (E) + (F)		50.94	20.70
	Return on capital employed (G) = (D) / (G)		(0.39)	(0.87)
	% of change from previous year		-55.43%	

The ratio has changed mainly due to increase in borrowings in the current year compared to the previous year.

Note :  
 Return on investment is not applicable to the Company



**Provident Cedar Private Limited**

**Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022**

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
<b>13 Other Statutory Information</b>		
<b>a. i. Details Of Utilisation Of Borrowings</b>		
i. The Company do not have any borrowings from banks and financial institutions during the year.	Nil	Nil
ii. Details Of Title Deeds Of immovable Property Not Held In The Name Of The Company	Nil	Nil
iii. Details Of Revaluation Of immovable Property	Nil	Nil
iv. Details Of Revaluation Of intangibles	Nil	Nil
v. Ageing Schedule Of Capital Work-In-Progress	Nil	Nil
vi. Ageing Schedule Of Intangible Assets Under Development	Nil	Nil
vii. Completion Schedule Of Capital Work-In-Progress Which Is Overdue Or Has Exceeded The Cost	Nil	Nil
<b>b. Details Of Benami Property Held</b>		
There are no proceedings that have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988.		
<b>d. Details Of Security Of Current Assets Against Borrowings</b>	Nil	Nil
<b>e. Wilful Defaulter</b>		
The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.		
<b>f. Relationship With Struck Off Companies</b>		
There are no transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.		
<b>g. Details Of Charges Or Satisfaction Yet To Be Registered With Registrar Of Companies</b>		
There are no charges and satisfaction yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period as on 31.03.2022.		
<b>h. Details Of Compliance With Number Of Layers Of Companies - Not Applicable</b>		
<b>i. Compliance With Approved Scheme(S) Or Arrangements</b>		
There are no approved schemes or arrangements which has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.		
<b>j. Details Of Utilisation Of Borrowed Funds And Share Premium</b>		
A. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:		
- Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or		
- Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries		
B. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:		
- Directly or indirectly lend or invest in OTHER persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or		
- Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries		



**Provident Cedar Private Limited****Notes to Ind AS Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022**

(All amounts in Indian Rs. Thousands, unless otherwise stated)

**14 Related party transactions**

Names of related parties and nature of relationship with the Company

(i) Parties where control exists

Provident Housing Limited

(ii) Key management personnel

Mr. Abhishek Kapoor

Mrs. Jasbir Ashish Puravankara

(iii) The transactions with related parties for the year are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Holding Company	
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Loans taken from Provident Housing Limited	50.00	-

(iv) Balances with related parties at the year end are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Holding Company	
	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Loans taken from Provident Housing Limited	50.00	-

**15 Supplementary statutory information**

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
i. Earnings in foreign currency (on receipt basis)	Nil	Nil
ii. Expenditure in foreign currency (on accrual basis)	Nil	Nil
iii. Value of imports at CIF basis	Nil	Nil
iv. Contingent liabilities	Nil	Nil
v. Capital commitment	Nil	Nil
vi. Donation to political party	Nil	Nil

In the opinion of the Board and to the best of its knowledge and belief, the value on realization of current assets, loans and advances will, in the ordinary course of business, not be less than the amounts at which they are stated in the Balance Sheet.

**16 Unhedged foreign currency exposure**

17 The Company has not traded or invested in Cryptocurrency transactions or Virtual Currency during the financial year.

**18 Standards issued but not yet effective**

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2022 dated March 23, 2022 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from April 01, 2022.

- (i) Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract – Amendments to Ind AS 37
- (ii) Reference to the Conceptual Framework – Amendments to Ind AS 103
- (iii) Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use – Amendments to Ind AS 16
- (iv) Ind AS 101 First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards – Subsidiary as a first-time adopter
- (v) Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities
- (vi) Ind AS 41 Agriculture – Taxation in fair value measurements

The impact of the applicable standards under evaluation by management of the Company.

**19 Previous year figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to conform with current year's classification**

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements.

As per report of even date

for V D S R & Co LLP,  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration Number: 001626S/S200085

Venkatesh Kamath S V  
Partner  
Membership No: 202626

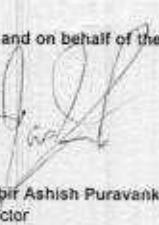
Palce: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Provident Cedar Pvt Ltd

Jasbir Ashish Puravankara  
Director  
DIN 01918184

Palce: Bengaluru  
Date: 25.05.2022

  
Abhishek Kapoor  
Director  
DIN 03456820



# PROVIDENT CEDAR PRIVATE LIMITED

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors have the pleasure of presenting the Annual Report of Provident Cedar Private Limited together with the audited results for the year ended **March 31, 2022**.

### FINANCIAL RESULTS

Particulars	(Rs. in Thousands)	
	Year Ended 31.03.2022	Year Ended 31.03.2021
<b>INCOME:</b>		
Revenue from projects	-	-
Other income	-	-
<b>Total Income</b>	-	-
<b>EXPENSES:</b>		
Finance Cost	0.83	0.38
Other Expenses	18.93	17.64
<b>Total Expenses</b>	19.76	18.01
<b>Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax</b>	<b>(19.76)</b>	<b>(18.01)</b>
Income Tax	-	-
<b>Profit/ (Loss) After Taxes</b>	<b>(19.76)</b>	<b>(18.01)</b>

### STATE OF AFFAIRS

The Company's objects include Construction of Building and Developers. There has been no change in the business of the company during the financial year ended **March 31, 2022**.

During the year under review, there were no material business undertaken by the company.

### DIVIDEND

The Board has not recommended any dividend during the financial year 2021-22.

### RESERVES

As at March 31, 2022, there was no transfer to the Reserve Fund of the Company.

### SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, the paid up equity share capital as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 stood at ₹1,00,000/- (1,000 shares of Rs.100/- each).

### DIRECTORS

#### Composition of Board of Directors

Ms. Jasbir Ashish Puravankara	Director
Mr. Abhishek Nirankar Kapoor	Director

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), and the Articles of Association of the company, **Mr. Abhishek Nirankar Kapoor** retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, offers himself for reappointment. The Board recommends his re-appointment for the consideration of members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

# PROVIDENT CEDAR PRIVATE LIMITED

## CHANGES IN DIRECTORS/ KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL (KMP)

During the period Mr. Abhishek Nirankar Kapoor, Additional Director was appointed as Director in the capacity of non-executive Director by the members, at the Annual General Meeting held on 27.09.2021.

The company is not required to appoint KMP as per section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013

## NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

In order to support and enable Companies to focus on taking necessary measures to address the unprecedented outbreak of the pandemic caused by COVID-19, the mandatory requirement of holding meetings of the Board of Directors of the companies within the intervals provided in section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013 (120 days) was extended by a period of 60 days for the first two quarters of the financial year 2021-22 i.e., until 30th September 2021 by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide General Circular 08/2021 released by them on May 03, 2021. Accordingly, as a onetime relaxation the gap between two consecutive meetings of the Board was extended to 180 days for the first two quarters, instead of 120 days as required in the Companies Act, 2013.

During the year, four meetings of the Board were convened and held on 23.06.2021, 28.07.2021, 08.11.2021 and 09.02.2022 respectively. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

The Board of Directors confirm that secretarial standards have been complied with, in respect of all meetings held during the year.

## DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARY / JOINT VENTURES / ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

The Company does not have any subsidiary or joint venture or associate company.

### Statutory Auditors

The Board recommended to the members, the appointment of **M/s. V D S R & Co. LLP**, Chartered Accountants, having (FRN No. 001626S) as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of five years starting from the financial year 2022 and they shall hold office from the conclusion of the forthcoming 6th Annual General Meeting (AGM) to be held in the year 2022 until the conclusion of 11th AGM i.e. for the financial year 2027 on such remuneration as maybe mutually agreed upon plus reimbursement of tax, travelling and out of pocket expenses.

**M/s. V D S R & Co. LLP**, Chartered Accountants, have expressed their consent for appointment and to continue for a period of 5 years as Statutory Auditors of the company. They further stated that their appointment as Statutory Auditors of the Company, would be within the prescribed limits under Section 141(3) (g) of the Companies Act, 2013. In this connection, the Company has received from M/s VDSR & Co., Chartered Accountants a consent letter to the effect that they are eligible for re-appointment and their appointment, if made would be within the prescribed limits under Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditor's Report:

The Auditor's Report to the shareholders for the year ended March 31, 2022 does not contain any qualification and hence do not call for any further comments.

There are no frauds reported by auditors under sub-section (12) of section 143 and there are no frauds which are reportable to the Central Government;

The maintenance of cost records by company has not been mandated under Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014.

The provisions of section 203(1) relating to Secretarial Audit are not applicable to the Company.

# PROVIDENT CEDAR PRIVATE LIMITED

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## ANNUAL RETURN

Section 134(3) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013, states, "the Board's report shall contain the web address, if any, where annual return referred to under sub-section (3) of section 92 is placed".

The Company is not required to and does not have a website.

## MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There were no significant or material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year of the company, to which the Balance Sheet relates and the date of this report.

## DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS

During the year under review, there were no significant and material orders passed by any regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

## PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, GUARANTEES GIVEN AND INVESTMENTS MADE

There were no loans and guarantees given by the Company. No investments were made and no security was provided by the Company during the period under review.

## ACCEPTANCE OF FIXED DEPOSITS

Your Company has not accepted any fixed deposits from the public during the year under review.

## PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company had not entered into any contracts/ arrangements which could be considered material as mentioned in Section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 & particulars of contracts/ arrangements with related parties in form AOC-2 is appended as **Annexure 1** to the Board's Report. Note 14 to the financial statements relates to Related Party Transactions.

## CONSERVATION OF ENERGY / TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT / FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Information in accordance with the provisions of Section 134 (3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, regarding conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo:

**Technology Absorption & Conservation of Energy:** There was no material business undertaken by the company during the year.

**Foreign Exchange:** During the year, Company has no income or expenditure in foreign currency.

## RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has developed and implemented a risk management policy for the company including identification therein of elements of risk, if any which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company.

## DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

In compliance with the requirements of 'Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace Act, 2013', introduced by the Government of India, which came into effect from 9

# PROVIDENT CEDAR PRIVATE LIMITED

December 2013, the Company formulated a 'Policy to provide Protection Against Sexual Harassment of Women in Workplace', which was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company. No persons were employed by the company during the year.

There were no cases reported during the year under review under the said policy.

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of **Section 134(5)** of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors confirm that:

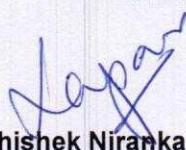
- a) The annual accounts have been prepared as per the applicable accounting standards and there were no material departures from the said accounting standards.
- b) The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at **31.03.2022** and of the Profit and Loss of the Company for the year ended on that date.
- c) The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) The Directors have prepared the annual accounts of the Company on a 'going concern' basis.
- e) The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:

Your Directors would like to express their sincere appreciation and gratitude to: -

- 1) All the regulatory authorities including Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Registrar of Companies and other statutory bodies;
- 2) All Bankers, State Government as well as its respective Departments and Development Authorities connected with the business of the Company for their co-operation and continued support;
- 3) The Auditors of the Company for their valuable professional advice and services provided to the Company.
- 4) The members, suppliers, contractors and customers for the trust and confidence reposed by them in the Company.

By Order of the Board of Directors  
For Provident Cedar Private Limited

  
Abhishek Nirankar Kapoor  
Director  
DIN: 03456820

  
Jasbir Ashish Puravankara  
Director  
DIN: 01918184

Place : Bengaluru  
Date : 25.08.2022

# PROVIDENT CEDAR PRIVATE LIMITED

ANNEXURE-1

## FORM AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

### DISCLOSURE OF PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS/ ARRANGEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY THE COMPANY WITH RELATED PARTIES REFERRED TO IN SUB-SECTION (1) OF SECTION 188 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

#### 1. DETAILS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS OR TRANSACTIONS NOT AT ARM'S LENGTH BASIS

Amount in Rs.

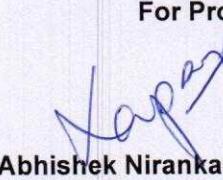
(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	
(b)	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	
(c)	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transactions	
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions.	
(e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	NIL
(f)	Date(s) of approval by the Board	
(g)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	
(h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	

#### 2. DETAILS OF MATERIAL CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENT OR TRANSACTIONS AT ARM'S LENGTH BASIS

Amount in Rs.

(a)	Name(s) of the Related Party	
(b)	Nature of Relationship	
(c)	Nature of Contracts/ Transaction	
(d)	Duration of Contracts	
(e)	Salient Terms of Contracts/ Arrangements	NIL
(f)	Value of Contracts/ Arrangement	
(g)	Justification For Entering Into Such Contracts	
(h)	Dates of Board Approval	
(i)	Amount Paid as Advance	
(j)	Date of Agreement	

By Order of the Board of Directors  
For Provident Cedar Private Limited

  
Abhishek Nirankar Kapoor  
Director  
DIN: 03456820

  
Jasbir Ashish Puravankara  
Director  
DIN: 01918184

Place : Bengaluru  
Date : 25.08.2022